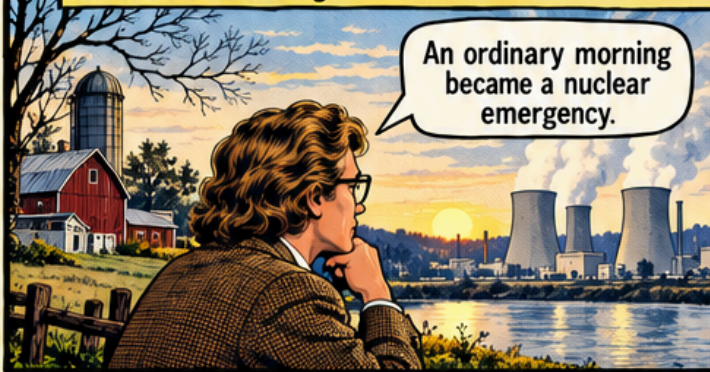


TOPIC 1. THE DOMESTIC GUYANA AT THREE MILE ISLAND.

1 Beter opened with the March 28 crisis at Three Mile Island near Harrisburg.



2 He described equipment failures, confusing indications and disrupted cooling.



3 He interpreted the cooling failures as deliberate sabotage.



4 He emphasized the delay before the public learned of the emergency.



5 He compared the confusion and fear with the earlier tragedy in Guyana.



6 He spoke of radiation fears and long-term damage to the reactor.



7 He linked plant closures and The China Syndrome to rising fear of nuclear power.



8 He feared energy shortages would be used to expand government control.



Source: Peter David Beter — Audio Letter No. 45.
www.peterdavidbeter.com

COMIC VISUALIZATION — Beter's account; does not establish the allegations as historical fact.
Speech balloons: dramatized paraphrases.

TOPIC 2. THE SECRET INTELLIGENCE WAR OF “DOUBLES”.

1 Beter framed the struggle as rivalry among financial dynasties and intelligence services.



2 He renewed his warning that the Rockefeller survivors were divided and vulnerable.



3 He alleged that doubles of Walter and Joan Mondale made the April European trip.



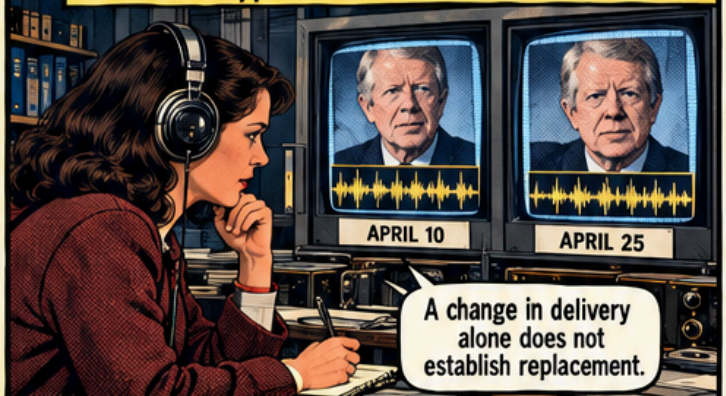
4 He claimed Mondale had been secretly killed and the returning Air Force II had crashed.



5 He also alleged secret deaths and replacements of Jimmy and Rosalynn Carter.



6 He compared Carter's April 10 and April 25 voices, manner and appearance.



7 He described competing American, Russian, British and Israeli intelligence factions.



8 He claimed 24 Russian Cosmospheres were stationed over Washington from April 22.



Source: Peter David Beter — Audio Letter No. 45.

www.peterdavidbeter.com

COMIC VISUALIZATION — Beter's account; does not establish the allegations as historical fact.

Speech balloons: dramatized paraphrases.

TOPIC 3. LAST CALL FOR A “PILGRIMAGE FOR PEACE”

1 Beter interpreted Brezhnev's appearance at hockey as a sign of changed priorities.



2 He cited a congressional delegation's visit to a Russian church at Easter.



3 He highlighted performances of Handel's Messiah in Moscow.



4 He linked Solzhenitsyn's wish to return with his belief in a transformed Russia.



5 He feared nuclear war despite what he described as Russia's restraint.



6 He reported only a tiny response from church leaders to his earlier appeal.



7 He expanded the invitation to Christians in every walk of life.



8 He asked for replies by the end of May 1979, hoping a visit could build friendship.

