

TOPIC 1 STRATEGIC IRAN AND THE ISLAMIC KHOMEINI REVOLUTION

1 The Shah's October 22 arrival in New York inflamed anger in Iran.



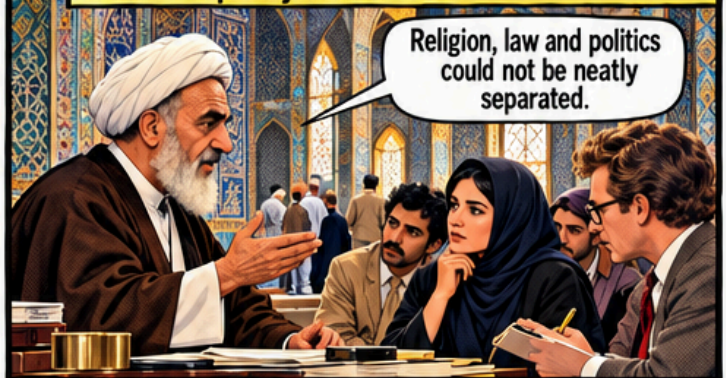
2 Under the Shah, Iran had become a heavily armed U.S. ally near the Soviet Union.



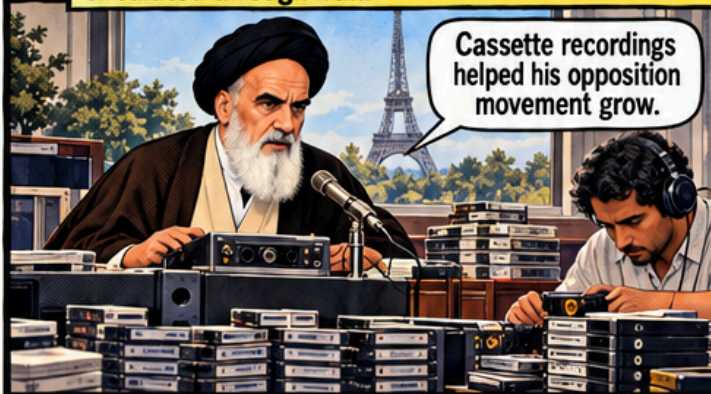
3 SAVAK repression and rapid Westernization deepened popular resentment.



4 Islam shaped public life in ways many Western observers poorly understood.



5 From exile, Ayatollah Khomeini's messages circulated through Iran.



6 General Huyser met Iranian military leaders during the Shah's collapse.



7 Khomeini returned to Tehran as the monarchy fell in early 1979.



8 Beter claimed covert forces had secretly steered the revolution.



Source: Peter David Beter – Audio Letter No. 52.

www.peterdavidbeter.com

COMIC VISUALIZATION – Beter's account; does not establish the allegations as historical fact.
Speech balloons: dramatized paraphrases.

TOPIC 2 THE BOLSHEVIK IRAN STRATEGY FOR THERMONUCLEAR WAR

1 Beter portrayed Iran as a battleground between hidden rival power networks.



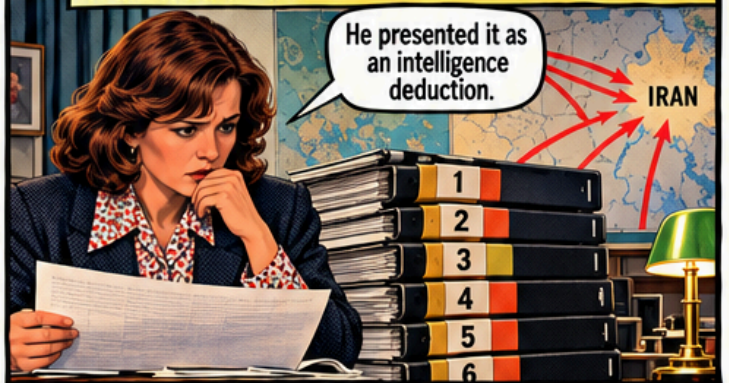
2 He alleged a U.S. first-strike scheme required military access to Iran.



3 He said human-looking Russian robotoids countered rival influence in Washington.



4 Beter organized the alleged operation into a six-step chain toward war.



5 Step one, he said, would exploit unrest during the pilgrimage to Mecca.



6 Step two would use the Tehran Embassy seizure as a trigger.



7 Later steps allegedly included an Israeli strike on Saudi oil fields and U.S. deployment to Iran.



8 The final scenario targeted alleged Soviet spherical Cosmosphere sites from missile positions in Australia.



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TOPIC 3 AMERICAN HOSTAGES AND THE BATTLE OF TEHRAN

1 The Shah's New York arrival preceded the Embassy seizure of November 4.



2 Prime Minister Mehdi Bazargan resigned on November 6 amid the crisis.



3 A false warning reached U.S. command centers on November 9.



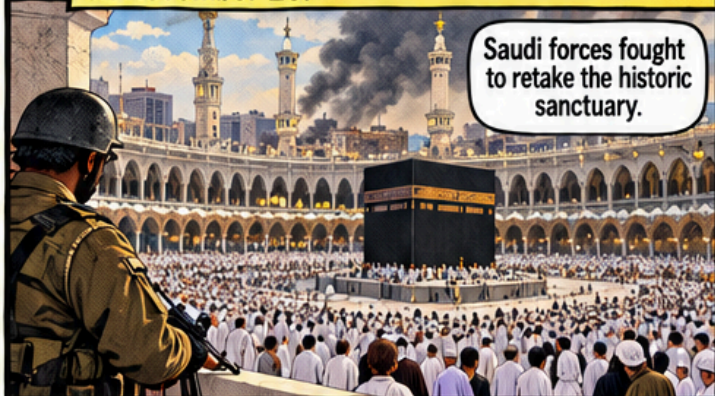
4 Troops converged on Fort Hood for an exercise on November 12.



5 Washington halted Iranian oil purchases and froze Iranian assets.



6 Armed men seized the Grand Mosque in Mecca on November 20.



7 Carrier movements and attacks on U.S. missions raised regional tension.



8 Beter called it a hidden Battle of Tehran and urged accountability over intrigue.



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